基督教聯合那打索社康服務 ® United Christian Nethersole Community Health Service

South Asian Health Support Programme

Hypertension English Version

What Is Blood Pressure?

- The pressure that blood exerts on the wall of blood vessels when the heart pumps.
- Blood pressure is measured by mmHg
- Normal blood pressure should be <140/90mmHg
- Normal blood pressure is not constant
 - -It is lower while sleeping
 - -And higher when nervous or smoking

What is Hypertension?

 Hypertension is a chronic disease, when blood pressure is persistently higher than the normal level even during rest

i.e. higher than 140/90

Hypertension is the major-cause of the top two killer (Heart disease and Stroke)

Risk Factors

- Smoking
- Excessive alcohol drinking
- Lack of exercise
- Obesity
- Stress
- Family members with hypertension

Common Symptoms

- Majority have no symptoms
- A local study found 1/3 of men with hypertension were not on medication
- When you have a very high blood

pressure:

- Headache
- **Dizziness**
- Shortness of breath
- Tiredness
- Blurring of vision

Causes

- 90% of essential Hypertension has no obvious cause
- ■10% Secondary Hypertension has an underlying causes, such as kidney, heart and endocrine diseases
- High blood lipid (i.e high cholesterol)
- Side effect of some drugs, such as steroid

Complications

- Coronary heart disease
- Heart failure
- Stroke
- Kidney failure

Treatment

- Drug treatment is very effective but depends very much on patients' cooperation
 - -Take the medication regularly
- Regular follow up

Prevention



Low salt diet



Quit smoking



Go for periodic health checks for early detection



Eat >3 portions of fruits and vegetables per day



Avoid overstress



Do regular exercise (30 mins/day)

Tel: 2344 3019



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